Dry beans and peas are unique foods. They are nutritious, inexpensive, and creditable as either a vegetable or a meat alternate in the CACFP meal pattern. They are great sources of protein, iron, zinc, folate, and fiber. Most children 2 years and older do not consume enough vegetables, including dry beans and peas. You can help by offering beans and peas on your menu. Offering dry beans and peas as part of a meal or snack can:

- Help children feel full longer and maintain a healthy weight as they grow.
- Promote proper digestion and make children’s “potty time” easier by providing dietary fiber.
- Add shape, texture, and flavor to children’s plates.

What types of dry beans and peas should I offer?

- Cooked, canned, or frozen dry beans and peas are all great choices.
- Mix things up by providing different types of beans and peas each week to help children get the nutrition they need, as well as taste new foods.

CACFP Crediting Tips:

- Because of their high nutrient content, cooked, mature (dry) beans and peas may be considered both as a vegetable and meat alternate. However, they cannot be credited as both a vegetable and a meat alternate in the same meal. (See the Vegetable as well as the Meat and Meat Alternate tip sheets on pages 9 and 19 for more information.)
- Some beans and peas, such as lima beans, green peas, snap peas, and green (string) beans, are fresh, immature beans and peas that can be served as “vegetables.” They are not “dry beans and peas” in CACFP, and cannot be served as a meat alternate.

How can I reduce sodium and solid fats when serving dry beans and peas?

Since dry or frozen beans and peas are naturally low in sodium (salt) and solid fats, prepare and serve beans and peas without adding too much salt or solid fats like butter, stick margarine, cream sauces, and regular, full-fat cheese. Here’s how:

- Choose the easiest form: Use canned, precooked beans. They will simplify recipes and reduce cooking times. Purchase canned beans labeled “no salt added” or “low sodium.” If these are not available, rinse and drain the canned beans to reduce the sodium content.
- Pour the bag of dry beans into a bowl of water on the kitchen counter. Soak dry beans overnight without adding any salt, and discard the soaking water and cook the next day.

more 'reduce sodium and solid fats' tips on next page...
Build a Healthy Plate With Dry Beans and Peas

... more ‘reduce sodium and solid fats’ tips

► Choose fat-free refried beans, or reduced-sugar and reduced-sodium versions of baked beans.

► Use herbs or no-salt spice mixes instead of salt, butter, or stick margarine to season bean dishes. This will lower solid fats, sodium, and calories in the dishes while adding flavor. Garlic, celery, onion, and carrots complement the flavors of dry beans and peas.

► Add beans to children’s favorite foods. Add beans and peas to pastas, tacos, casseroles, stews, and side dishes. Make “Mexican Pizza” by topping whole-wheat pita bread with refried beans, tomato salsa, spinach, and shredded low-fat cheese.

► Make food fun. Add kidney and pinto beans in chili and serve it in a baked sweet potato “chili boat.” Let children mash beans in a plastic baggie, and then make a “Smashed Bean Burrito” (using a whole-grain tortilla, spinach, and their favorite veggies). Sing a song while working with beans during a cooking demonstration or while mixing recipe ingredients. (Example song lyrics: “Mash, Mash, Mash the beans; Mash, Mash, Mash the beans.”)

► Have a bean guessing game or taste-test. Let children sample dishes that use dry beans or peas as main ingredients, and have children Name That Bean! Some ideas include lentil soup, bean dip, three-bean salad, or bean burgers.

► Cook together. Children learn about beans and peas when they help prepare them. Pick kitchen tasks that match children’s abilities. Children can help wash and dry the tops of canned beans, mash beans, pour water into a bowl of dry beans to soak overnight, or mix ingredients for a bean salad. http://teamnutrition.usda.gov/Resources/Nibbles/Nibbles_Newsletter_31.pdf
Support the Message


► Enjoy beans and peas and kids will too. They learn from watching you.

How can I keep dry beans and peas safe?

- Larger beans can pose choking hazards, especially when not cooked thoroughly. Offer thoroughly cooked, mashed, or pureéd beans and peas to children under 4 years old.

- See Supplement A on page 77 for more information on choking hazards.

Clean

► Before soaking and cooking, sort through dry beans or peas and throw away dirt, small rocks, or beans that are broken, discolored, or shriveled.

► Before opening a can of beans, wash and dry the top of the can. Under clean, running water, rub the top of the can briskly with a clean cloth or paper towel to remove dirt and germs from the surface. Dry with a clean cloth towel or paper towel after washing.

► See the Food Safety tip sheet on page 55 for more information.
Build a Healthy Plate With Dry Beans and Peas

**Activities**

How can I put this information into practice?

Take a look at your current weekly or cycle menu. Circle the menu items that feature dry beans and peas on your child care menu.

Which new dry beans and peas listed below will you try on your menu?

Go for variety each week! Circle what you plan to try next month.

- Black beans
- Navy beans
- Black-eyed peas
- Pinto beans
- Chickpeas (garbanzo beans)
- Soy beans
- Kidney beans
- Split peas
- Lentils
- White beans

**CACFP Crediting Tip:**

To credit as a vegetable or a meat alternate, make sure you include the full portion of beans and peas, depending on the meal and the age of the child.

How will you offer these dry beans and peas next month? As part of a:

- Salad
- Sandwich
- **Veggie Bean Burrito, Taco, or Quesadilla**
- **Kangaroo Pocket** (veggies and mashed beans in a whole-wheat pita pocket)
- **Mexican Pizza** (using refried beans and veggies)
- Rice and Bean Dish
- **Veggie Roll-Up** (mashed beans wrapped in a whole-grain tortilla with veggies and ranch dressing)
- **Sweet Potato Chili Boat**
- Pasta Dish or Lasagna Meal
- Spaghetti Sauce
- **Bean and Pasta Salad**
- **Soup or Stew** (examples include lentil, split pea, or bean and macaroni soups)
- **Snack**
- **Bean Dip or Hummus** (puréed chickpeas served with veggie sticks)
- Stir-Fry
- Casserole
- **Main Dish**
- **Meatless Meal**
- **One Pot Meal** (with whole grains, veggies, and beans in a slow cooker)