



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Maryland Congressional District 1

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2016, SNAP provided about \$1.08 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 744,343 people in Maryland. The program served 91.5 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2015. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2016 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2016*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 1

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Total Households	30,316	242,245	272,561
With one or more people 60 years and over	34.1%	45.2%	44.0%
With child(ren) under 18 years	53.2%	27.4%	30.3%
With disabled individual(s)	48.6%	23.1%	25.9%
Income and Poverty Status in the past 12 Months¹			
Below poverty level	36.4%	6.2%	9.5%
Median income (2016 dollars)	\$27,119	\$75,870	\$69,254
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	66.1%	87.1%	84.8%
Black or African American	28.5%	8.9%	11.1%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	1.3%	1.8%	1.8%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	.4%	.8%	.7%
Two or more races	3.6%	1.2%	1.4%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	2.5%	2.8%	2.8%
Work Status			
Families	21,506	166,648	188,154
No workers in the past 12 months	16.4%	14.1%	14.3%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.4%	27.2%	29.5%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	36.1%	58.8%	56.2%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded October 2017), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Maryland Congressional District 2

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2016, SNAP provided about \$1.08 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 744,343 people in Maryland. The program served 91.5 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2015. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2016 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2016*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 2

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Total Households	39,209	241,806	281,015
With one or more people 60 years and over	32.6%	36.8%	36.2%
With child(ren) under 18 years	55.6%	31.3%	34.7%
With disabled individual(s)	44.0%	21.9%	25.0%
Income and Poverty Status in the past 12 Months¹			
Below poverty level	36.6%	5.9%	10.2%
Median income (2016 dollars)	\$27,936	\$77,773	\$69,128
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	39.6%	62.2%	59.0%
Black or African American	50.3%	30.1%	32.9%
American Indian and Alaska Native	.8%	.1%	.2%
Asian	3.3%	4.9%	4.7%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	3.2%	.9%	1.2%
Two or more races	2.8%	1.7%	1.8%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	9.1%	4.5%	5.1%
Work Status			
Families	29,008	156,380	185,388
No workers in the past 12 months	16.4%	9.0%	10.1%
1 worker in the past 12 months	51.7%	31.6%	34.7%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	31.9%	59.4%	55.1%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded October 2017), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Maryland Congressional District 3

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2016, SNAP provided about \$1.08 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 744,343 people in Maryland. The program served 91.5 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2015. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2016 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2016*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 3

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Total Households	25,600	266,773	292,373
With one or more people 60 years and over	39.8%	37.8%	38.0%
With child(ren) under 18 years	43.8%	27.5%	28.9%
With disabled individual(s)	44.3%	19.5%	21.7%
Income and Poverty Status in the past 12 Months¹			
Below poverty level	39.8%	5.4%	8.4%
Median income (2016 dollars)	\$28,032	\$89,946	\$83,620
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	37.8%	69.7%	66.9%
Black or African American	47.4%	19.5%	22.0%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	5.6%	6.6%	6.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	6.3%	1.8%	2.2%
Two or more races	2.9%	2.0%	2.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	10.5%	5.9%	6.3%
Work Status			
Families	15,832	167,571	183,403
No workers in the past 12 months	15.2%	10.5%	10.9%
1 worker in the past 12 months	48.8%	25.9%	27.9%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	36.0%	63.6%	61.2%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded October 2017), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Maryland Congressional District 4

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2016, SNAP provided about \$1.08 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 744,343 people in Maryland. The program served 91.5 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2015. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2016 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2016*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 4

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Total Households	26,219	237,846	264,065
With one or more people 60 years and over	34.7%	36.9%	36.7%
With child(ren) under 18 years	51.8%	31.7%	33.7%
With disabled individual(s)	39.6%	19.1%	21.2%
Income and Poverty Status in the past 12 Months¹			
Below poverty level	29.5%	5.6%	8.0%
Median income (2016 dollars)	\$40,100	\$83,481	\$79,350
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	18.2%	33.2%	31.8%
Black or African American	69.5%	55.3%	56.7%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	2.4%	2.5%	2.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	7.9%	6.9%	7.0%
Two or more races	1.6%	1.7%	1.7%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	14.7%	10.0%	10.5%
Work Status			
Families	19,006	154,944	173,950
No workers in the past 12 months	12.5%	7.7%	8.3%
1 worker in the past 12 months	44.8%	30.1%	31.7%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	42.6%	62.2%	60.1%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded October 2017), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 5*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2016, SNAP provided about \$1.08 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 744,343 people in Maryland. The program served 91.5 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2015. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2016 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2016*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 5

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Total Households	22,173	239,671	261,844
With one or more people 60 years and over	33.2%	37.7%	37.4%
With child(ren) under 18 years	57.0%	32.7%	34.8%
With disabled individual(s)	47.4%	21.3%	23.5%
Income and Poverty Status in the past 12 Months¹			
Below poverty level	28.9%	4.9%	7.0%
Median income (2016 dollars)	\$40,040	\$99,105	\$95,442
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	46.6%	53.4%	52.8%
Black or African American	46.0%	37.9%	38.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	.6%	.3%	.3%
Asian	2.0%	3.7%	3.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%
Two or more races	2.9%	2.7%	2.8%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	8.1%	4.7%	5.0%
Work Status			
Families	17,113	167,830	184,943
No workers in the past 12 months	10.9%	11.0%	11.0%
1 worker in the past 12 months	43.5%	27.1%	28.6%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	45.6%	61.9%	60.4%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded October 2017), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS

Maryland Congressional District 6

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation’s nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2016, SNAP provided about \$1.08 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 744,343 people in Maryland. The program served 91.5 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2015. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2016 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2016*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 6

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Total Households	30,508	240,217	270,725
With one or more people 60 years and over	35.1%	38.7%	38.3%
With child(ren) under 18 years	48.7%	32.3%	34.2%
With disabled individual(s)	51.9%	21.2%	24.6%
Income and Poverty Status in the past 12 Months¹			
Below poverty level	37.7%	6.0%	9.5%
Median income (2016 dollars)	\$26,324	\$83,860	\$75,774
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	63.4%	76.2%	74.8%
Black or African American	26.1%	10.0%	11.8%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	6.9%	10.1%	9.7%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	.5%	1.4%	1.3%
Two or more races	3.0%	2.0%	2.1%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	13.4%	8.9%	9.4%
Work Status			
Families	22,251	167,444	189,695
No workers in the past 12 months	17.8%	10.3%	11.2%
1 worker in the past 12 months	45.3%	28.3%	30.3%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	36.9%	61.5%	58.6%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded October 2017), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 7*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2016, SNAP provided about \$1.08 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 744,343 people in Maryland. The program served 91.5 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2015. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2016 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2016*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 7

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Total Households	52,150	218,119	270,269
With one or more people 60 years and over	37.2%	39.3%	38.9%
With child(ren) under 18 years	40.1%	26.1%	28.8%
With disabled individual(s)	45.4%	19.8%	24.7%
Income and Poverty Status in the past 12 Months¹			
Below poverty level	48.9%	8.7%	16.5%
Median income (2016 dollars)	\$19,934	\$72,787	\$61,392
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	9.5%	44.1%	37.4%
Black or African American	85.3%	46.1%	53.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	.5%	.4%	.4%
Asian	2.5%	7.1%	6.2%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	.7%	.5%	.5%
Two or more races	1.5%	1.7%	1.6%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	1.3%	2.9%	2.6%
Work Status			
Families	30,809	129,420	160,229
No workers in the past 12 months	24.0%	9.8%	12.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	43.9%	31.5%	33.9%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	32.1%	58.7%	53.6%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded October 2017), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.

**PROFILE OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS***Maryland Congressional District 8*

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and nonfinancial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2016, SNAP provided about \$1.08 billion dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 744,343 people in Maryland. The program served 91.5 percent of those eligible for benefits in Maryland in 2015. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2016 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2016*, available at <http://www.fns.usda.gov/ops/research-and-analysis>.

Maryland Congressional District 8

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households not Receiving SNAP	Total
Total Households	15,439	266,366	281,805
With one or more people 60 years and over	37.2%	40.2%	40.0%
With child(ren) under 18 years	54.2%	31.8%	33.0%
With disabled individual(s)	35.4%	16.7%	17.7%
Income and Poverty Status in the past 12 Months¹			
Below poverty level	33.5%	5.2%	6.7%
Median income (2016 dollars)	\$26,612	\$102,152	\$98,991
Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder			
White	51.4%	72.3%	71.1%
Black or African American	25.9%	12.5%	13.2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asian	5.5%	8.8%	8.6%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A	N/A
Some other race	13.9%	4.3%	4.8%
Two or more races	3.4%	1.9%	2.0%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	24.4%	9.1%	10.0%
Work Status			
Families	10,133	183,058	193,191
No workers in the past 12 months	10.7%	9.5%	9.5%
1 worker in the past 12 months	45.7%	25.8%	26.9%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	43.6%	64.7%	63.6%

Source: USDA FNS SNAP Program Data (downloaded October 2017), Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates (forthcoming); U.S. Census Bureau 2016 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.