



Profile of SNAP Households in 2018

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	\$2.34 billion in SNAP issued that year		GEORGIA 1,556,452 people on SNAP per month		86% participation rate
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GEORGIA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 11

6% of households receive SNAP

\$31,893 median income of households on SNAP

\$80,439 median income of households *not* on SNAP

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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Households:	16,617	274,909
With one or more people 60 years and over	39.9%	32.4%
With child(ren) under 18 years	53.4%	32.3%
With disabled individual(s)	54.1%	16.6%
Below poverty level ¹	35.2%	7.2%

Race/Ethnicity

White	59.0%	75.9%
Black or African American	32.5%	15.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A
Asian	0.9%	3.4%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	4.1%	2.7%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	16.0%	8.6%

Work Status

Families With:

No workers in the past 12 months	18.1%	11.7%
1 worker in the past 12 months	47.5%	30.4%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	34.4%	58.0%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Estimates of State Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Participation Rates in 2017. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.