



## Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	<b>\$0.96 billion in SNAP issued that year</b>		<b>INDIANA</b> 671,986 people on SNAP per month		<b>80% participation rate</b>
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**INDIANA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 1**  
**11% of households receive SNAP**  
**\$19,237 median income of households on SNAP**  
**\$60,823 median income of households *not* on SNAP**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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Households:		
With one or more people 60 years and over	25.30%	41.90%
With child(ren) under 18 years	57.80%	27.40%
With disabled individual(s)	41.20%	24.30%
Below poverty level <sup>1</sup>	51.40%	9.30%

Race/Ethnicity		
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White	42.10%	76.20%
Black or African American	45.90%	15.50%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.20%	0.20%
Asian	0.20%	1.10%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	9.60%	5.20%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	15.50%	11.70%

Work Status		
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Families With:		
No workers in the past 12 months	23.50%	16.00%
1 worker in the past 12 months	50.20%	33.00%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	26.30%	51.00%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



## Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	<b>\$0.96 billion in SNAP issued that year</b>		<b>INDIANA</b> 671,986 people on SNAP per month		<b>80% participation rate</b>
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**INDIANA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 2**  
**9% of households receive SNAP**  
**\$20,536 median income of households on SNAP**  
**\$56,992 median income of households *not* on SNAP**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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Households:		
With one or more people 60 years and over	28.70%	42.00%
With child(ren) under 18 years	49.50%	29.80%
With disabled individual(s)	48.20%	26.30%
Below poverty level <sup>1</sup>	52.80%	9.20%

Race/Ethnicity		
White	72.10%	91.10%
Black or African American	20.70%	5.40%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.10%	0.20%
Asian	0.60%	1.00%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	3.80%	1.00%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	9.00%	5.70%

Work Status		
Families With:		
No workers in the past 12 months	22.00%	14.30%
1 worker in the past 12 months	55.30%	30.90%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	22.70%	54.80%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



## Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	<b>\$0.96 billion in SNAP issued that year</b>		<b>INDIANA</b> 671,986 people on SNAP per month		<b>80% participation rate</b>
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**INDIANA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 3**  
**9% of households receive SNAP**  
**\$21,402 median income of households on SNAP**  
**\$57,029 median income of households not on SNAP**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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Households:		
With one or more people 60 years and over	23.30%	39.90%
With child(ren) under 18 years	59.90%	29.60%
With disabled individual(s)	55.90%	24.20%
Below poverty level <sup>1</sup>	52.10%	6.90%

Race/Ethnicity		
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White	72.10%	91.70%
Black or African American	19.20%	4.30%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.60%	0.20%
Asian	3.90%	1.60%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	0.60%	0.80%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	6.00%	4.20%

Work Status		
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Families With:		
No workers in the past 12 months	21.70%	13.80%
1 worker in the past 12 months	50.20%	29.60%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	28.10%	56.60%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



## Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	<b>\$0.96 billion in SNAP issued that year</b>		<b>INDIANA</b> 671,986 people on SNAP per month		<b>80% participation rate</b>
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**INDIANA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 4**

**7% of households receive SNAP**

**\$21,887 median income of households on SNAP**

**\$60,033 median income of households *not* on SNAP**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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Households:		
With one or more people 60 years and over	26.50%	38.70%
With child(ren) under 18 years	60.50%	30.00%
With disabled individual(s)	58.30%	25.70%
Below poverty level <sup>1</sup>	50.00%	8.40%

Race/Ethnicity		
White	84.40%	91.90%
Black or African American	10.50%	3.20%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.00%	0.20%
Asian	0.00%	2.30%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	2.50%	1.50%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	7.80%	4.30%

Work Status		
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Families With:		
No workers in the past 12 months	17.90%	13.80%
1 worker in the past 12 months	46.60%	29.00%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	35.50%	57.20%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



## Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	<b>\$0.96 billion in SNAP issued that year</b>		<b>INDIANA</b> 671,986 people on SNAP per month		<b>80% participation rate</b>
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**INDIANA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 5**  
**6% of households receive SNAP**  
**\$17,919 median income of households on SNAP**  
**\$76,559 median income of households *not* on SNAP**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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Households:		
With one or more people 60 years and over	32.40%	35.30%
With child(ren) under 18 years	58.10%	31.60%
With disabled individual(s)	57.60%	22.10%
Below poverty level <sup>1</sup>	56.00%	5.80%

Race/Ethnicity		
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White	73.90%	87.00%
Black or African American	18.90%	8.30%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A
Asian	1.80%	2.80%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	3.90%	0.50%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	8.20%	2.80%

Work Status		
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Families With:		
No workers in the past 12 months	22.10%	12.10%
1 worker in the past 12 months	52.60%	28.50%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	25.30%	59.30%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



## Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	<b>\$0.96 billion in SNAP issued that year</b>		<b>INDIANA</b> 671,986 people on SNAP per month		<b>80% participation rate</b>
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**INDIANA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 6**  
**10% of households receive SNAP**  
**\$18,114 median income of households on SNAP**  
**\$57,304 median income of households *not* on SNAP**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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Households:		
With one or more people 60 years and over	22.80%	42.20%
With child(ren) under 18 years	53.90%	28.00%
With disabled individual(s)	50.90%	26.90%
Below poverty level <sup>1</sup>	57.80%	8.10%

Race/Ethnicity		
White	93.50%	94.60%
Black or African American	4.70%	2.70%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A
Asian	0.00%	1.30%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	0.80%	0.40%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	2.40%	1.50%

Work Status		
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Families With:		
No workers in the past 12 months	20.40%	15.00%
1 worker in the past 12 months	51.40%	29.50%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	28.20%	55.50%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



## Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	<b>\$0.96 billion in SNAP issued that year</b>		<b>INDIANA</b> 671,986 people on SNAP per month		<b>80% participation rate</b>
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**INDIANA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 7**

**14%** of households receive SNAP

**\$18,409** median income of households on SNAP

**\$48,581** median income of households *not* on SNAP

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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Households:		
With one or more people 60 years and over	24.70%	32.30%
With child(ren) under 18 years	48.50%	25.70%
With disabled individual(s)	45.30%	23.40%
Below poverty level <sup>1</sup>	51.90%	12.30%

Race/Ethnicity		
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White	39.40%	66.80%
Black or African American	53.00%	26.60%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.30%	0.20%
Asian	2.20%	3.00%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	2.10%	1.40%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	7.70%	7.80%

Work Status		
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Families With:		
No workers in the past 12 months	25.10%	12.20%
1 worker in the past 12 months	53.50%	34.30%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	21.40%	53.50%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



## Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	<b>\$0.96 billion in SNAP issued that year</b>		<b>INDIANA</b> 671,986 people on SNAP per month		<b>80% participation rate</b>
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**INDIANA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 8**  
**10% of households receive SNAP**  
**\$16,379 median income of households on SNAP**  
**\$55,093 median income of households *not* on SNAP**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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**Households:**

With one or more people 60 years and over	28.90%	41.10%
With child(ren) under 18 years	47.30%	26.40%
With disabled individual(s)	58.60%	27.80%
Below poverty level <sup>1</sup>	56.30%	9.50%

**Race/Ethnicity**

White	89.70%	93.80%
Black or African American	6.70%	2.90%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A
Asian	N/A	N/A
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	0.40%	0.50%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	2.40%	1.30%

**Work Status**

**Families With:**

No workers in the past 12 months	25.20%	16.40%
1 worker in the past 12 months	55.90%	28.40%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	18.90%	55.20%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.



## Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	<b>\$0.96 billion in SNAP issued that year</b>		<b>INDIANA</b> 671,986 people on SNAP per month		<b>80% participation rate</b>
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**INDIANA CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 9**  
**8% of households receive SNAP**  
**\$18,815 median income of households on SNAP**  
**\$58,489 median income of households *not* on SNAP**

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
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**Households:**

With one or more people 60 years and over	28.30%	39.20%
With child(ren) under 18 years	48.20%	26.90%
With disabled individual(s)	58.10%	24.50%
Below poverty level <sup>1</sup>	56.00%	9.40%

**Race/Ethnicity**

White	90.50%	93.60%
Black or African American	6.10%	2.40%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N/A	N/A
Asian	0.60%	2.00%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	1.20%	0.30%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	4.50%	2.20%

**Work Status**

**Families With:**

No workers in the past 12 months	23.90%	15.10%
1 worker in the past 12 months	53.70%	28.60%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	22.40%	56.30%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

<sup>1</sup> The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.