






Profile of SNAP Households in 2017

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|  | \$5.81 billion in SNAP issued that year |  | TEXAS 3,921,278 people on SNAP per month |  | 73% participation rate |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|

TEXAS CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 35
15% of households receive SNAP
\$22,481 median income of households on SNAP
\$53,182 median income of households *not* on SNAP

| Characteristic | Households Receiving SNAP | Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP |
|----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|

| Households: | | |
|-------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| With one or more people 60 years and over | 29.30% | 28.00% |
| With child(ren) under 18 years | 58.10% | 29.70% |
| With disabled individual(s) | 53.20% | 22.20% |
| Below poverty level ¹ | 47.60% | 13.50% |

| Race/Ethnicity | | |
|----------------|--|--|
|----------------|--|--|

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|
| White | 63.30% | 73.70% |
| Black or African American | 15.20% | 10.30% |
| American Indian and Alaska Native | 1.30% | 0.40% |
| Asian | 1.80% | 1.70% |
| Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | N/A | N/A |
| Other Race | 15.30% | 10.90% |
| Hispanic or Latino (of any race) | 66.50% | 49.30% |

| Work Status | | |
|-------------|--|--|
|-------------|--|--|

| Families With: | | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| No workers in the past 12 months | 19.40% | 10.70% |
| 1 worker in the past 12 months | 46.40% | 35.60% |
| 2 or more workers in the past 12 months | 34.10% | 53.70% |

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Reaching Those in Need: Estimates of State SNAP Participation Rates in 2016. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.