



Profile of SNAP Households in 2018

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. The program serves a broad spectrum of low income people as benefits are available to most people who meet the financial and non-financial requirements.

	\$0.82 billion in SNAP issued that year		WISCONSIN 652,885 people on SNAP per month		95% participation rate
---	--	---	--	---	-------------------------------

WISCONSIN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 2

8% of households receive SNAP

\$23,242 median income of households on SNAP

\$71,232 median income of households *not* on SNAP

Characteristic	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
----------------	---------------------------	--------------------------------------

Households:	24,258	294,926
With one or more people 60 years and over	34.3%	34.8%
With child(ren) under 18 years	42.5%	26.1%
With disabled individual(s)	46.1%	16.3%
Below poverty level ¹	43.8%	7.3%

Race/Ethnicity	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
----------------	---------------------------	--------------------------------------

White	77.5%	89.9%
Black or African American	13.0%	3.1%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.9%	0.4%
Asian	2.5%	4.2%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	N/A	N/A
Other Race	3.0%	0.9%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	6.1%	4.3%

Work Status	Households Receiving SNAP	Households <i>not</i> Receiving SNAP
-------------	---------------------------	--------------------------------------

Families With:		
No workers in the past 12 months	17.1%	12.3%
1 worker in the past 12 months	51.9%	24.0%
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	31.0%	63.8%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey (ACS), using 115th Congressional District boundaries; USDA SNAP program data; and participation rates from Estimates of State Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Participation Rates in 2017. For more information on SNAP households see <https://www.fns.usda.gov/research-analysis>.

¹ The ACS bases poverty status on annual household income; SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income. Due to this difference in reference periods, poverty status in the ACS may differ from poverty status at the time of SNAP certification.